

POWER9 Processor for the Cognitive Era

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POWER Systems, IBM Systems

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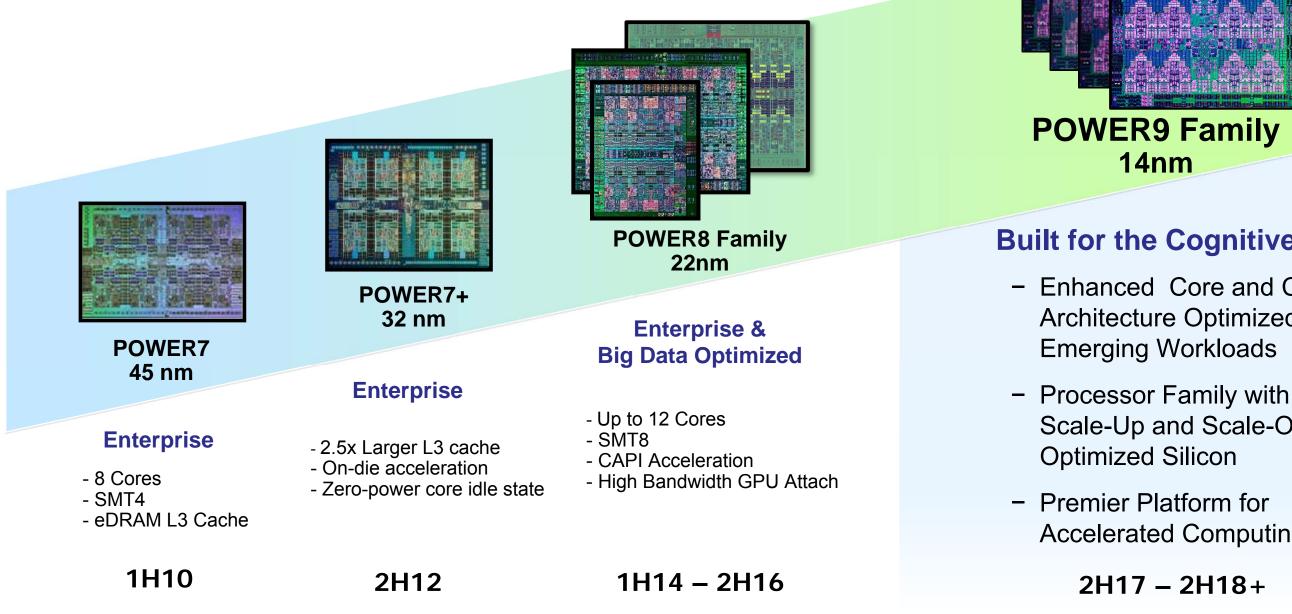




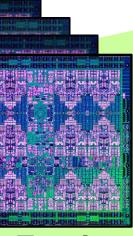


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POWER Processor Technology Roadmap







Built for the Cognitive Era

- Enhanced Core and Chip Architecture Optimized for

Scale-Up and Scale-Out

Accelerated Computing

2H17 - 2H18 +



Emerging Analytics, AI, Cognitive

- New core for stronger thread performance
- Delivers 2x compute resource per socket
- Built for acceleration OpenPOWER solution enablement

Technical / HPC

- Highest bandwidth GPU attach
- Advanced GPU/CPU interaction and memory sharing
- High bandwidth direct attach memory

Cloud / HSDC

- Power / Packaging / Cost optimizations for a range of platforms
- Superior virtualization features: security, power management, QoS, interrupt
- State of the art IO technology for network and storage performance

Enterprise

- Large, flat, Scale-Up Systems
- Buffered memory for maximum capacity
- Leading RAS
- Improved caching













IBM

SOFTLAYER













New Core Microarchitecture

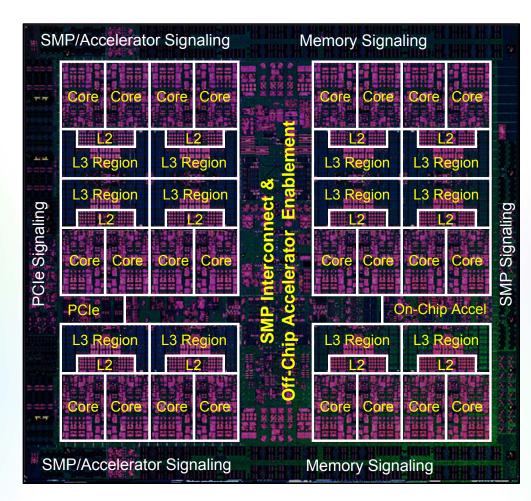
- Stronger thread performance
- Efficient agile pipeline
- POWER ISA v3.0

Enhanced Cache Hierarchy

- 120MB NUCA L3 architecture
- 12 x 20-way associative regions
- Advanced replacement policies
- Fed by 7 TB/s on-chip bandwidth

Cloud + Virtualization Innovation

- Quality of service assists
- New interrupt architecture
- Workload optimized frequency
- Hardware enforced trusted execution



14nm finFET Semiconductor Process

- Improved device performance and reduced energy
- 17 layer metal stack and eDRAM
- 8.0 billion transistors

Leadership Hardware Acceleration Platform

State of the Art I/O Subsystem

PCIe Gen4 – 48 lanes

- 16 Gb/s interface
 - Local SMP





Enhanced on-chip acceleration

 Nvidia NVLink 2.0: High bandwidth, advanced new features

 CAPI 2.0: Coherent accelerator and storage attach (PCIe G4)

 New CAPI: Improved latency and bandwidth, open interface

High Bandwidth Signaling Technology

25 Gb/s interface – 25G Link

Accelerator, remote SMP

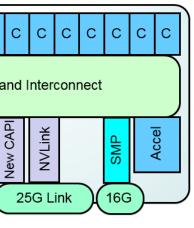


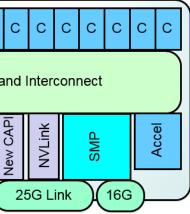
POWER9 Processor Family

Four targeted implementations	Core Count / Size	
	SMT4 Core	<u>SM1</u>
SMP scalability / Memory subsystem	24 SMT4 Cores / Chip Linux Ecosystem Optimized	12 SMT8 Core PowerVM Ecos
 <u>Scale-Out – 2 Socket Optimized</u> <u>Robust 2 socket SMP system</u> <u>Direct Memory Attach</u> Up to 8 DDR4 ports Commodity packaging form factor 	C C	C C C C C C C Cache and Low CAPI Vew CAPI DDR PCI
<u>Scale-Up – Multi-Socket Optimized</u> Scalable System Topology / Capacity • Large multi-socket Buffered Memory Attach • 8 Buffered channels	C C	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C



IT8 Core res / Chip osystem Continuity







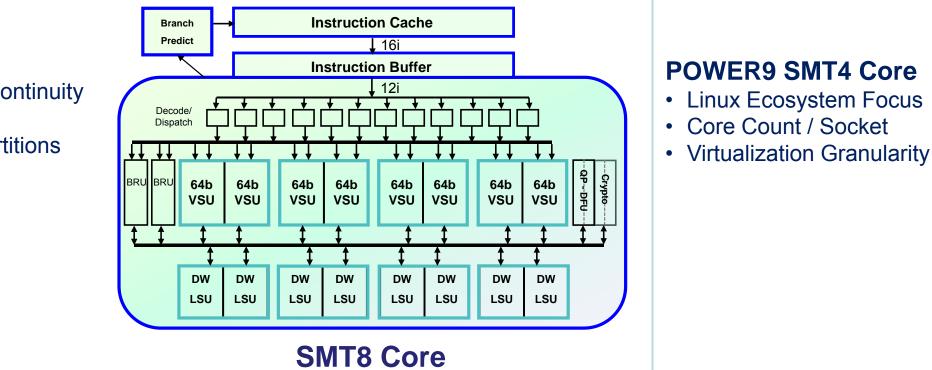
New POWER9 Cores

Optimized for Stronger Thread Performance and Efficiency

- Increased execution bandwidth efficiency for a range of workloads including commercial, cognitive and analytics
- Sophisticated instruction scheduling and branch prediction for unoptimized applications and interpretive languages
- Adaptive features for improved efficiency and performance especially in lower memory bandwidth systems

Available with SMT8 or SMT4 Cores

8 or 4 threaded core built from modular execution slices

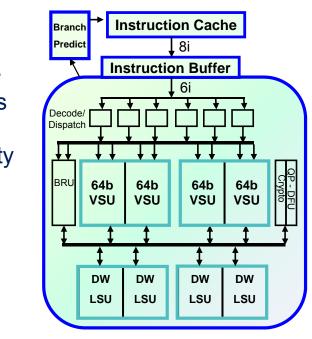


POWER9 SMT8 Core

- PowerVM Ecosystem Continuity
- Strongest Thread
- Optimized for Large Partitions



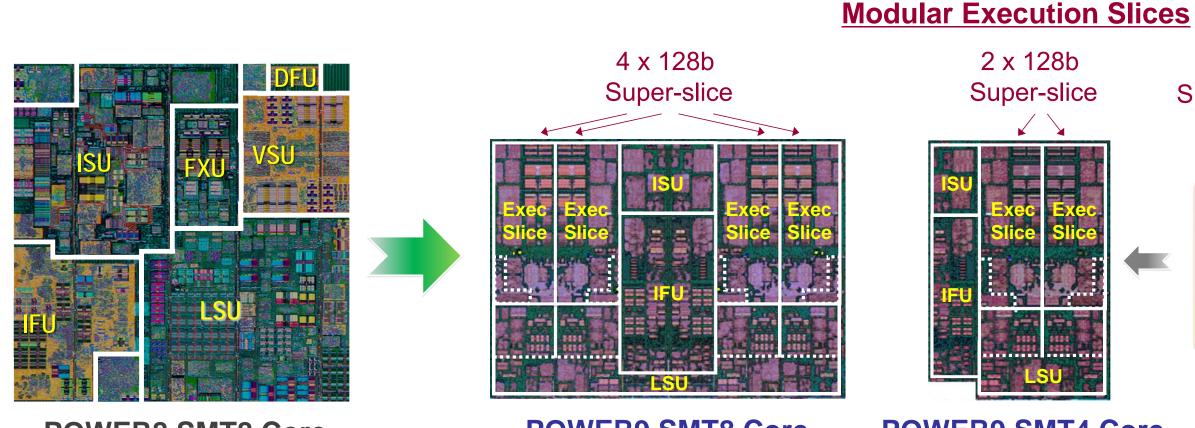
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SMT4 Core



POWER9 Core Execution Slice Microarchitecture



POWER8 SMT8 Core

POWER9 SMT8 Core

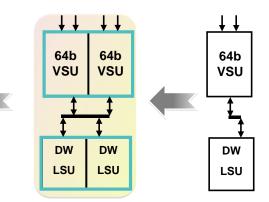
POWER9 SMT4 Core

Re-factored Core Provides Improved Efficiency & Workload Alignment

- Enhanced pipeline efficiency with modular execution and intelligent pipeline control
- Increased pipeline utilization with symmetric data-type engines: Fixed, Float, 128b, SIMD
- Shared compute resource optimizes data-type interchange



128b	64b
Super-slice	Slice





Shorter Pipelines with Reduced Disruption

Improved application performance for modern codes

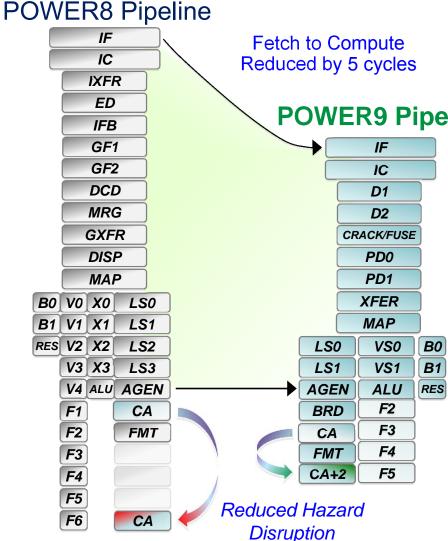
- Shorten fetch to compute by 5 cycles •
- Advanced branch prediction •

Higher performance and pipeline utilization

- Improved instruction management •
 - Removed instruction grouping and reduced cracking
 - Enhanced instruction fusion
 - Complete up to 128 (64 SMT4 Core) instructions per cycle

Reduced latency and improved scalability

- Local pipe control of load/store operations ۲
 - Improved hazard avoidance
 - Local recycles reduced hazard disruption
 - Improved lock management





POWER9 Pipeline



POWER9 – Core Compute

SMT4 Core Resources

Fetch / Branch

- 32kB, 8-way Instruction Cache •
- 8 fetch, 6 decode ٠
- 1x branch execution ٠

Slices issue VSU and AGEN

- 4x scalar-64b / 2x vector-128b •
- 4x load/store AGEN

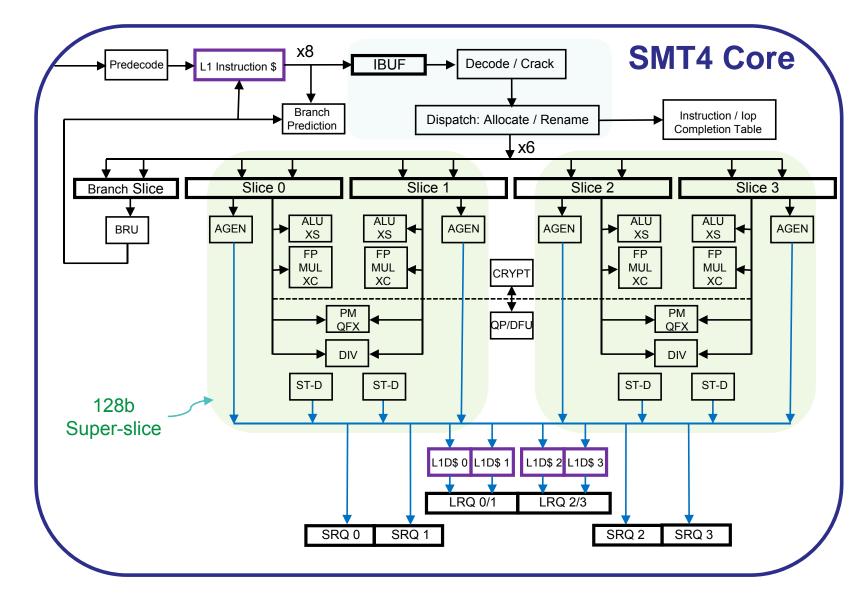
Vector Scalar Unit (VSU) Pipes

- 4x ALU + Simple (64b)
- 4x FP + FX-MUL + Complex (64b)
- 2x Permute (128b) •
- 2x Quad Fixed (128b) ٠
- 2x Fixed Divide (64b) •
- 1x Quad FP & Decimal FP •
- 1x Cryptography ٠

Load Store Unit (LSU) Slices

- 32kB, 8-way Data Cache ٠
- Up to 4 DW load or store

Symmetric Engines Per Data-Type for Higher Performance on Diverse Workloads



Efficient Cores Deliver 2x Compute Resource per Socket







New Instruction Set Architecture Implemented on POWER9

Broader data type support

Power Systems

- 128-bit IEEE 754 Quad-Precision Float Full width guad-precision for financial and security applications
- Expanded BCD and 128b Decimal Integer For database and native analytics
- Half-Precision Float Conversion Optimized for accelerator bandwidth and data exchange

Support Emerging Algorithms

- Enhanced Arithmetic and SIMD
- Random Number Generation Instruction

Accelerate Emerging Workloads

- Memory Atomics For high scale data-centric applications
- Hardware Assisted Garbage Collection Optimize response time of interpretive languages

Cloud Optimization

- Enhanced Translation Architecture Optimized for Linux
- New Interrupt Architecture Automated partition routing for extreme virtualization
- Enhanced Accelerator Virtualization
- Hardware Enforced Trusted Execution

Energy & Frequency Management

POWER9 Workload Optimized Frequency – Manage energy between threads and cores with reduced wakeup latency







POWER9 – Data Capacity & Throughput

Big Caches for Massively Parallel Compute and Heterogeneous Interaction

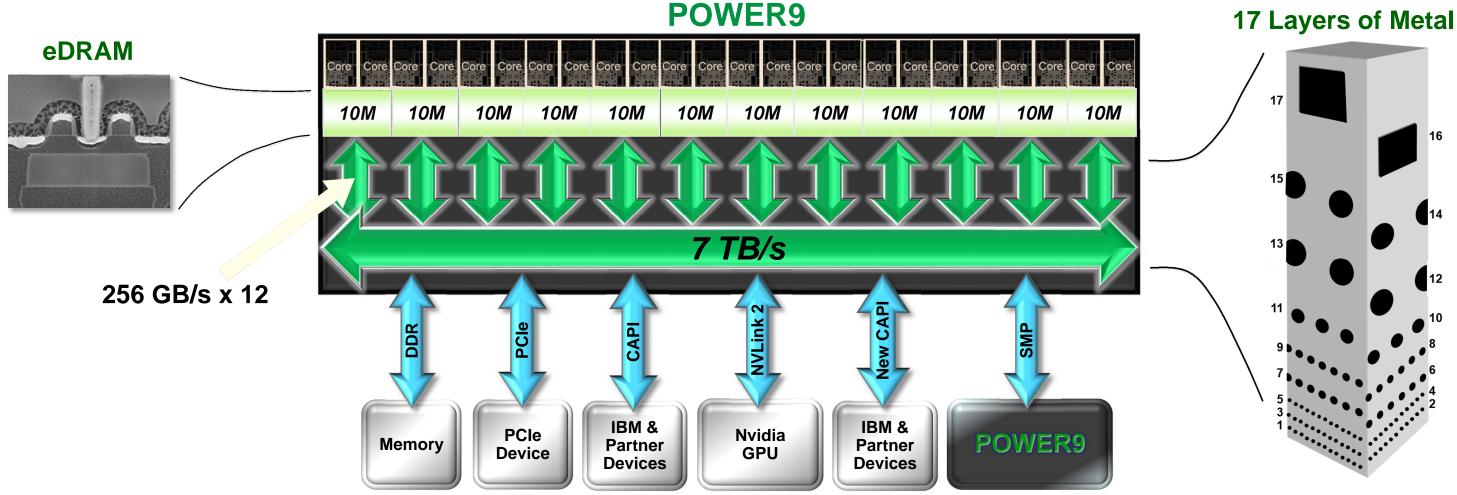
L3 Cache: 120 MB Shared Capacity NUCA Cache

- 10 MB Capacity + 512k L2 per SMT8 Core
- Enhanced Replacement with Reuse & Data-Type Awareness 12 x 20 way associativity

Extreme Switching Bandwidth for the Most Demanding Compute and Accelerated Workloads

High-Throughput On-Chip Fabric

- Over 7 TB/s On-chip Switch •
- Move Data in/out at 256 GB/s per SMT8 Core ٠

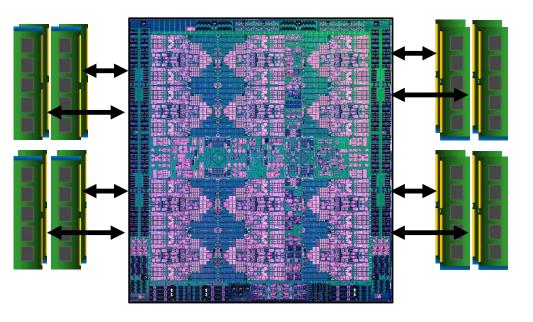






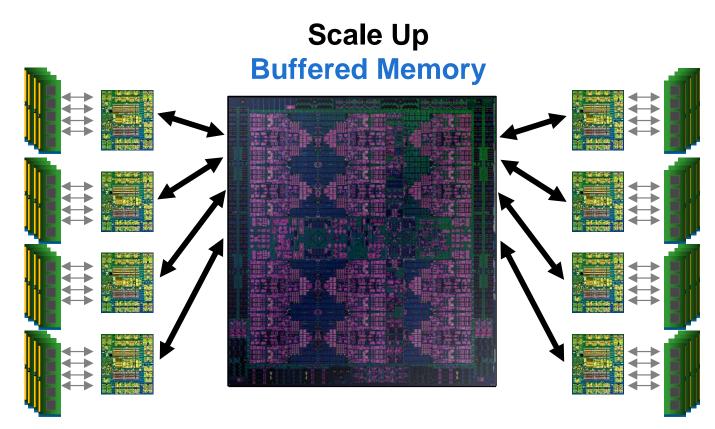
POWER9 – Dual Memory Subsystems

Scale Out **Direct Attach Memory**



8 Direct DDR4 Ports

- Up to 120 GB/s of sustained bandwidth •
- Low latency access •
- Commodity packaging form factor .
- Adaptive 64B / 128B reads •



8 Buffered Channels

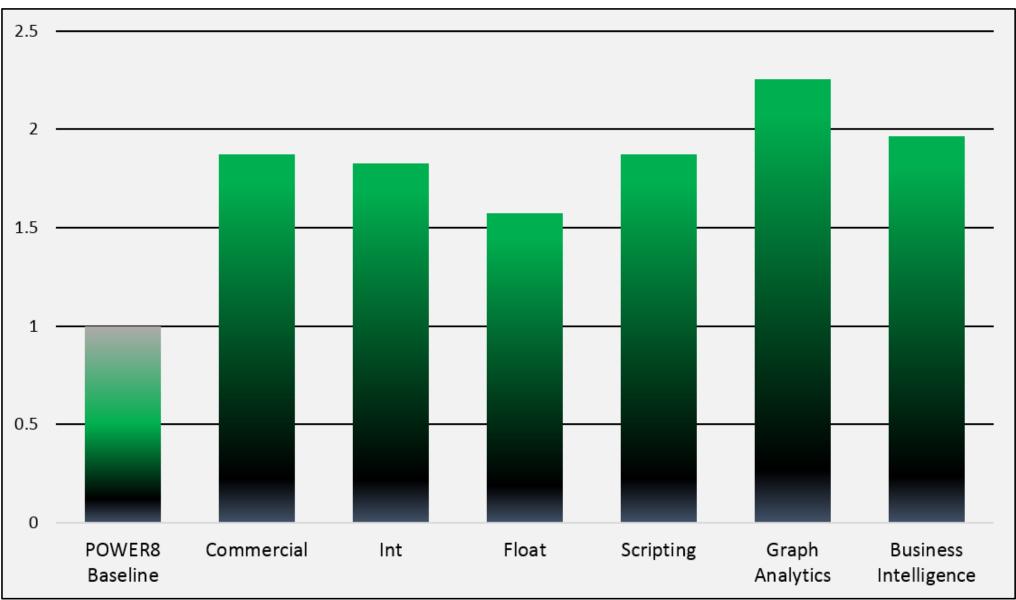
- Up to 230GB/s of sustained bandwidth Extreme capacity – up to 8TB / socket Superior RAS with chip kill and lane sparing Compatible with POWER8 system memory Agnostic interface for alternate memory innovations
- ٠





POWER9 – CPU Core Performance

Socket Performance



Scale-Out configuration @ constant frequency





POWER9 – Premier Acceleration Platform

- **Extreme Processor / Accelerator Bandwidth and Reduced Latency** ullet
- **Coherent Memory and Virtual Addressing Capability for all Accelerators** ٠
- **OpenPOWER Community Enablement Robust Accelerated Compute Options** ۲
- State of the Art I/O and Acceleration Attachment Signaling
 - **PCIe Gen 4** x 48 lanes 192 GB/s duplex bandwidth
 - **25G Link** x 48 lanes 300 GB/s duplex bandwidth
- **Robust Accelerated Compute Options with OPEN standards** •
 - **On-Chip Acceleration** Gzip x1, 842 Compression x2, AES/SHA x2
 - **CAPI 2.0** 4x bandwidth of POWER8 using *PCIe Gen 4* ____
 - **NVLink 2.0** Next generation of GPU/CPU bandwidth and integration ____
 - **New CAPI** High bandwidth, low latency and open interface using 25G Link

PCle

Devices

ASIC /

FPGA

Devices

Nvidia

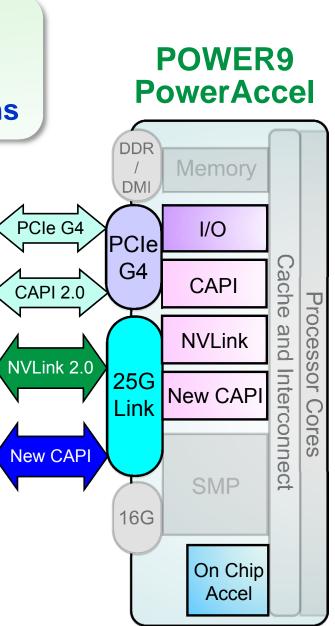
GPUs

ASIC /

FPGA

Devices

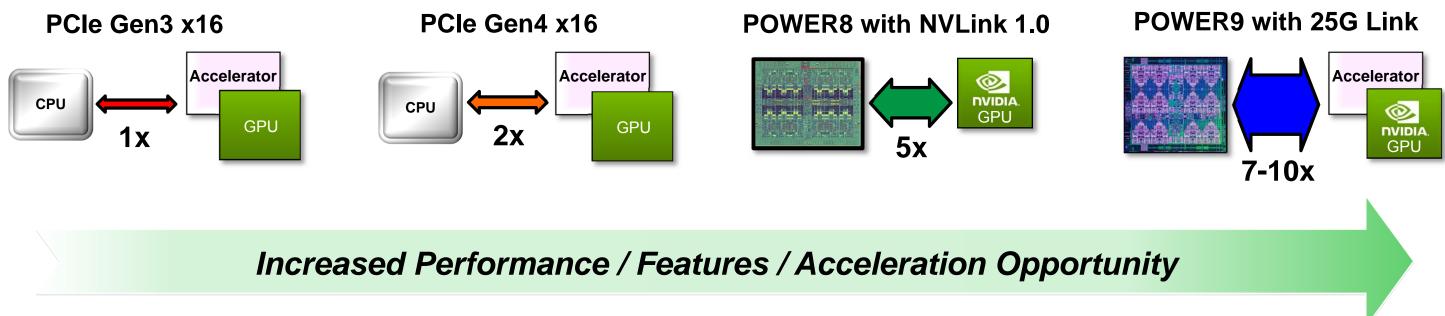






POWER9 – Ideal for Acceleration

Extreme CPU/Accelerator Bandwidth



Seamless CPU/Accelerator Interaction

- Coherent memory sharing
- Enhanced virtual address translation
- Data interaction with reduced SW & HW overhead

Broader Application of Heterogeneous Compute

- Designed for efficient programming models
- Accelerate complex analytic / cognitive applications

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POWER9 – Ecosystem Enablement

● OpenPOWER[™] Foundation

- Accelerating Open Innovation
- Grown from 5 to over 200 members in less than 3 years

POWER9: Engineered for OpenPOWER Application

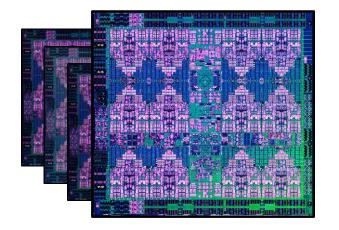
- Built for a Broad Range of Deployments and Platforms
- Open and Flexible Solutions
- Ideal for Developers







POWER9 Processor



Built for the Cognitive Era



Enhanced Core and Chip Architecture for Emerging Workloads

- New Core Optimized for Emerging Algorithms to Interpret and Reason
- Bandwidth, Scale, and Capacity, to Ingest and Analyze

Processor Family with Scale-Out and Scale-Up Optimized Silicon

- Enabling a Range of Platform Optimizations from HSDC Clusters to Enterprise Class Systems
- Extreme Virtualization Capabilities for the Cloud

Premier Acceleration Platform

- Heterogeneous Compute Options to Enable New Application Paradigms
- State of the Art I/O
- Engineered to be Open



Open**POWER**™





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Revised September 26, 2006





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