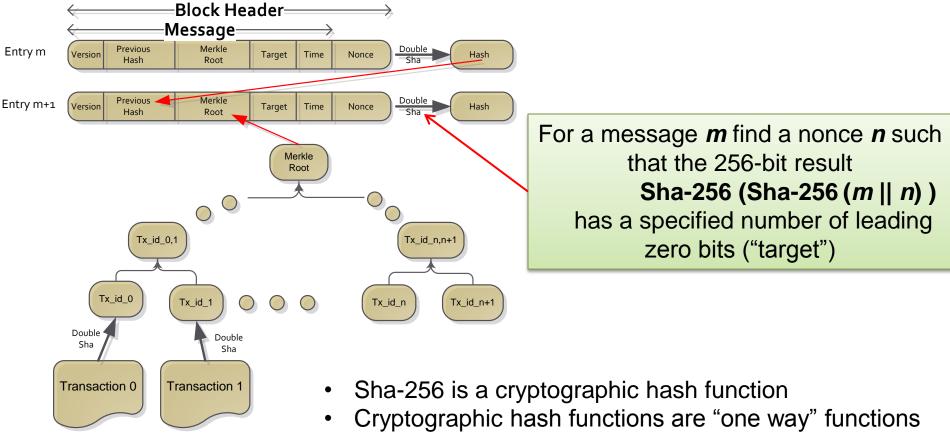


# GOLDSTRIKE<sup>™</sup> 1: COINTERRA'S FIRST GENERATION CRYPTO-CURRENCY PROCESSOR FOR BITCOIN MINING MACHINES

Javed Barkatullah, Ph.D., MBA Timo Hanke, Ph.D. Ravi Iyengar Ricky Lewelling Jim O'Connor

# **BITCOIN MINING WORK**



This search problem is best solved by trial-and-error



# **HISTORY OF BITCOIN MINING HARDWARE**

difficultu 7-day window estimate 14-day window estimate 30-day window estimate Custom ASIC 1e04 based Platform **FPGA** based Platform ↑Hashing 100 Network Difficulty Capacity adjusted every 2016 1 blocks mined **†Network** Difficulty **GPU** based 1e-02 Platform ↑Platform

**First Bitcoin** 

Jan '11

Jan '10

Jul '10

Network & CPU

based Platform

Jul '11

Jan '12

Date

Jul '12

Jan '13

THash/s

1e-04

1e-06

Jan '09

Jul '09

Bitcoin network: total computation speed



Jan '14

Graph source: http://bitcoin.sipa.be

Jul '13

Hashing

Power

Jul '14

1e04

100

1

1e-02

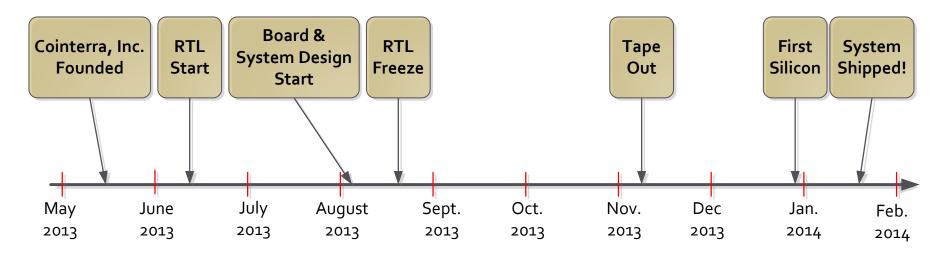
1e-04

1e-06

Jan '15

Difficulty x 10<sup>6</sup>

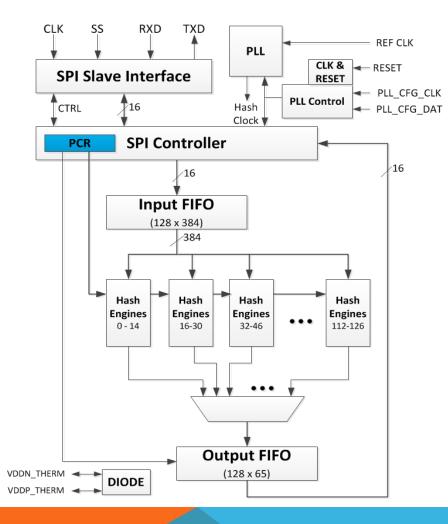
# GOLDSTRIKE™ 1 DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE



- 4 months from RTL start to tape out!
- 49 days from tape out to first silicon
- Packaged silicon arrived on Dec. 28, 2013
- First system shipped to customer around mid January, 2014



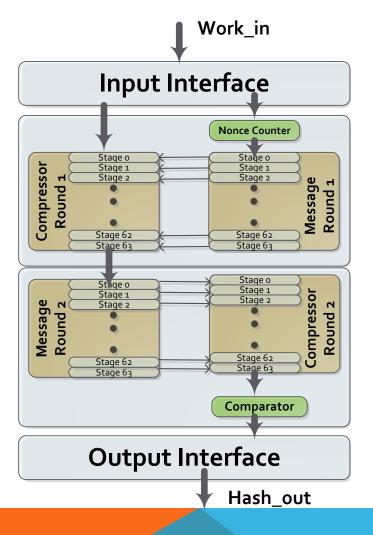
# GOLDSTRIKE™ 1 ARCHITECTURE



- Motorola compatible 4-pin SPI Port
- PLL with simple bit-bang interface
- 120 Hash Engines arranged into 16 super-pipes
- 128 deep Input Work FIFO
- 128 deep Output Status FIFO
- 384-bit Pipe Control Register (PCR) to enable/disable individual hash engine
- Low I/O bandwidth requirement
- New work (384 bits) every 2<sup>32</sup> clock cycles per engine



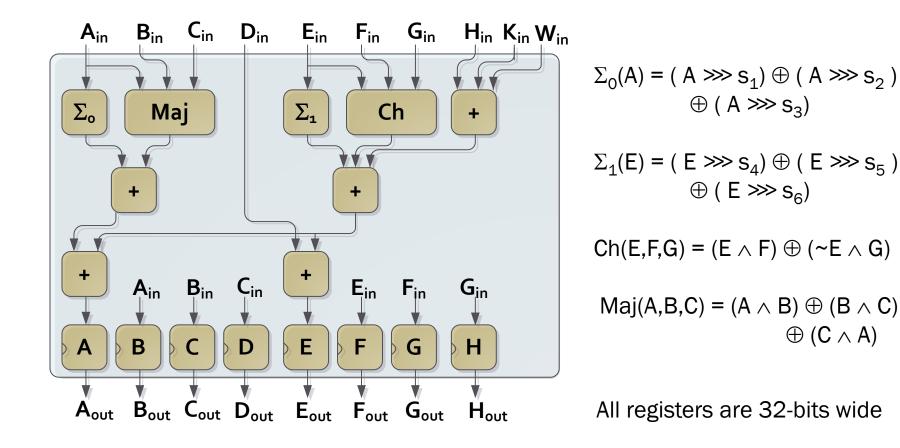
# HASH ENGINE



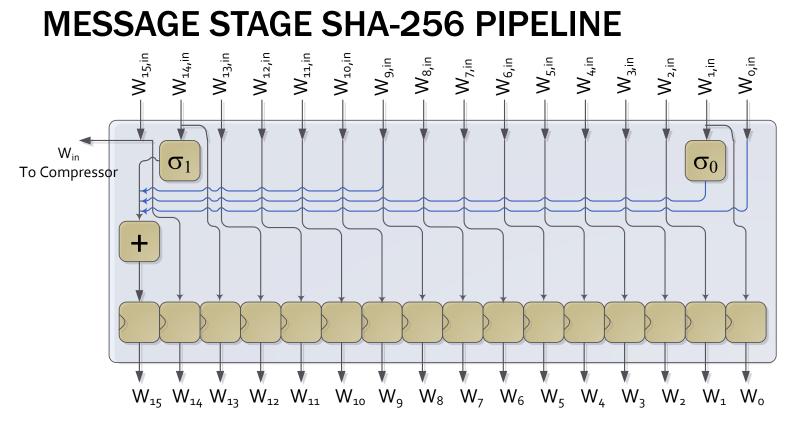
- Two rounds of SHA-256 processing
- Searches for a result in 2<sup>32</sup> nonce range
- Each round consists of 64 iterations
- Fully unrolled iterations
  - Two parallel but connected pipelines – message & compressor
- Generates a result out only
  if target criteria met



#### **COMPRESSOR STAGE OF SHA-256 PIPELINE**



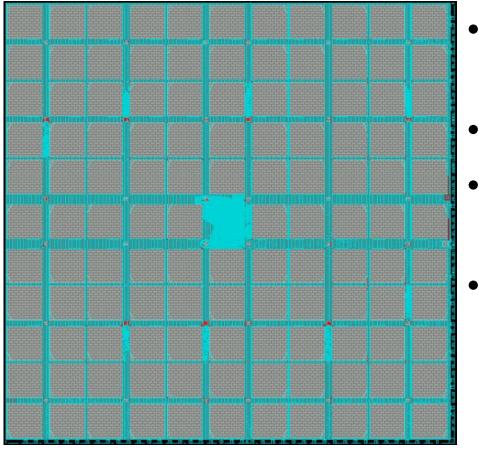




- 512 bits message word divided in to 16 words, 32-bit wide ( $W_0$  to  $W_{15}$ )
- $\sigma_0(W_{1,in}) = (W_{1,in} \gg s_7) \oplus (W_{1,in} \gg s_8) \oplus (W_{1,in} \gg s_9)$
- $\sigma_1(W_{14,in}) = (W_{14,in} >>> s_{10}) \oplus (W_{14,in} >>> s_{11}) \oplus (W_{14,in} >>> s_{12})$



### **DIE MICROGRAPH**

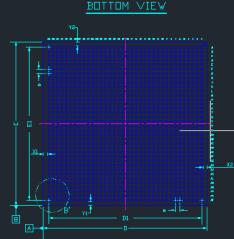


- Global Foundries HKMG
  28nm HPP process
- 9 metal layers
- 120 hash engines in 11x11 array (grey boxes)
- Top level logic block in the center



#### GOLDSTRIKE™-1 (GS1) PACKAGE

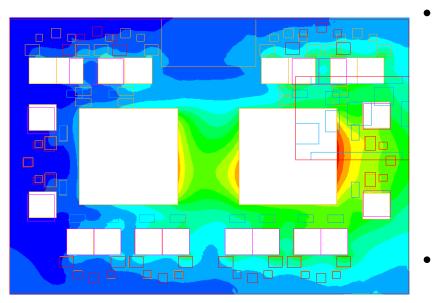




- 37.5 x 37.5 mm FCBGA package
- 4 bare dies per package
- 1296 pins
- > 500 GH/s @ 1.05GHz & 0.7v



### **HEAT DISSIPATION CHALLENGE**

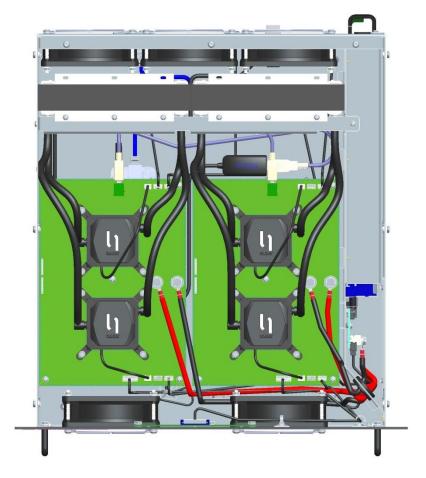


Air Temps on Plane 3mm above PCB Top

- Cooling options examined:
  - Heat sink + Airflow ← Common in CPU applications
  - Liquid Cooling ← Popular among over-clockers
  - Immersion ← Efficient for data centers
- Liquid cooling with direct attach cooling head selected
  - Enable a common platform for both home & data center customers



### **TERRAMINER APPLIANCE**



#### Up to 2TH/s hash rate per appliance

- Dual PCB with 4 GS1 packages total
- Power budget to meet household outlet capacity

#### Layout - 4U chassis Design

- Driven by cooling requirements
  - Radiator cross-section
  - Fan Size
- Similar design for TerraMiner IV data center and home models
- Push pull airflow design for maximum performance
- Fans chosen for balance between cost, performance & audible noise
- Dual 1U power supplies for minimal volume impact



#### **TERRAMINER APPLIANCE IMAGES**





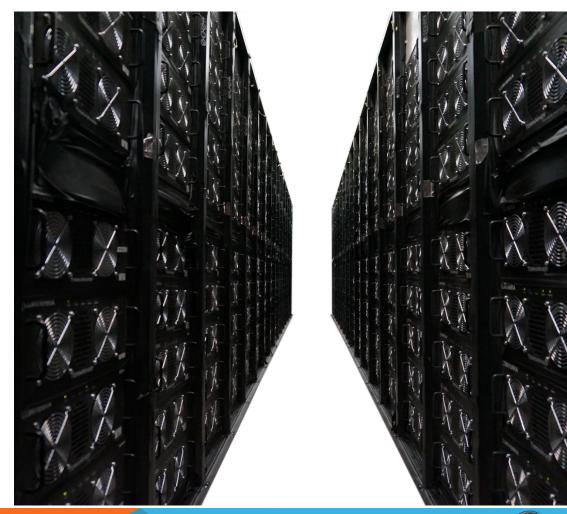
Front View



**Back View** 



#### **TERRAMINER<sup>™</sup> IN DATACENTER**





# **ASIC DESIGN CHALLENGES & CHOICES**

#### Challenges:

- High power density and high node toggle rates
  - Power delivery
  - Heat dissipation
  - IR drop and di/dt noise
- Very high sequential cell count
- Reduce die area and power consumption
- Very short (4-month) schedule from RTL start to tape out
- Very small design team

**Choices:** 

- Optimize common core blocks
- Maximize design repeat & reuse
- Utilize highly experienced design team



# **CONCLUDING REMARKS**

- Continued demand for higher performance and lower power appliance
- Maintain Cointerra's leadership position in Bitcoin mining industry
  - New designs with increased power efficiency and performance

