A Quantitative Argument Against Java-specific Processors

John Novitsky 19 August 96 408-864-6182 novitsky@mms.com

(1)

Speaker's Perspective

- Following argument is weakly suggestive
 - Actual Java data required to make strong assertion
- Worked for over 11 years at Intel, contributing architectural ideas to 386, 486, Pentium^R processor.
 - Led a group analysing AI languages & applications (LISP, Prolog, Smalltalk) for impact on general purpose computer architecture (1985-1988).
 - Researched prior attempts at interpreted environments, and impact to computer architecture:
 - Database ~ mid 1970s
 - P-Code ~ early 1980s
 - SOAR, SPUR ~ mid-1980s
 - LISP on RISC ~ mid 1980s

Architectural Argument Against Java CPUs

- 1) Interpreted Languages spend ~80%-90% of time and instruction counts:
 - · Touching memory;
 - · COMPARing operands;
 - BRANCHing.
- 2) There have been no dramatic changes in interpreter technology in the last 10 years.
- 3) Java is an interpreted language.
- 4) Compared to *Java* running on conventional architectures, any *Java*-specific instruction improvements will have a negligible impact on performance.

3

Summary of 386/Unix Profiling

- Programs Studied:
 - Common LISP ~ 280M instructions
 - Prolog ~ 80M instructions
 - Smalltalk ~ 25M instructions
- Machine Used:
 - 80386-based, Unix System V.x
- C-LISP Results:

Instruction	7. of Inst Count	Of of Time
Instruction	% of Inst.Count	% of Time
MOVE	54-61%	40-42%
BRANCH	20-22%	39-42%
COMPARE	7-10%	8-11%
LOGICAL	3-8%	1-6%
ARITHMETIC	2-4%	2-4%

(4,

Summary

- Java CPUs are unlikely to run Java programs appreciably faster than general-purpose CPUs
- Java CPUs are unlikely to be cheaper to make than high-volume CPUs
- Recommended Strategy:
 - Focus Java compiler and interpreter development, targeted at existing high volume platforms, i.e.. Windows or Macintosh PCs, Unix-based workstations
 - Develop embedded Java CPUs only for embedded applications where high-volume end-user pull (OEM funding) is demonstrated



References

- "Profiling Machine Instructions on 80386/Unixbased LISP Systems"
 - Novitsky, Yamada, Lenehan, published ~ 1987, Intel Corp, contact K. Sridharan, Intel Corp, 408-765-5694, sri@gomez.sc.intel.com
- Dissertation: Profiling LISP on MIPS
 - Peter Steenkiste, John Hennessey, Stanford University, ~1987
- SOAR, SPUR: Smalltalk, Common-LISP on RISC
 - Patterson, et al, UC-Berkeley, mid 1980's
- P-Code: Pascal interpreter results
 - UCSD, early 1980s

